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Date of Coll	lision			ion (Ci		Time	e Pol Dispa		Police Arrived	Dispa		EMS Arrive		ation	iles 🗆 S	N []] IN	City	or Town	
If Collision location is in: Intersection of 2 streets	Comple Box	# 1	ON					[On Pr	ivate Pr	operty	# of Lanes	Posted	Speed	Cour	nty				Interchar	nge #
Intersection of Street and: Parking Lot	1, 2,	2	In the	e Inters	ection	with:							Posted	Speed	R. R	. Cross	sing #		Latitud	le (GPS)	
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Driver		Last				First		caaro	M.I.	Same Drive	e as						7.				Туре
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COMMERCIAL VEHICLE INSTRUCTION SHEET

Commercial Vehicle Definition - For collision reporting purposes only, a commercial vehicle is any vehicle equipped to carry property which has at least 2 axles and 6 or more tires on the ground (including pickups with dual rear tires), any vehicle displaying a hazardous materials placard, and buses designed to carry 16 or more persons, including the driver.

- Axles Record the total number of axles, including auxiliary axles, of this vehicle or vehicle combination (include axles in the up position which are not in contact with the pavement). NOTE: If a unit is transporting other units where one set of axles is on the power unit and another set is on the ground (i.e. logging trucks, piggy back bobtails), record the axles with wheels on the ground.
- GVWR-Power GVWR is the <u>manufacturer's designation</u> for the amount of weight the Vehicle/Tractor was manufactured to haul. GVWR for trucks is usually found on the driver's side of the vehicle on hinge pillar, door-latch post, or door edge. Manufacturer's designation for GVWR should not be confused with registered weight. However, buses are registered at the manufacturer's GVWR, so information may be obtained from the registration.
- **GVWR-Trailer** Record the combined GVWR of all the trailers. The GVWR for most trailers is located on a plate mounted on the frame near the front left corner of the trailer. For example, the unit is a tractor with a double trailer. Each trailer has a GVWR of 30,000 pounds; enter 60,000 in the GVWR Trailer box.
- DOT or ICC MC Number for Load -Determine if the cargo is an interstate load...

An interstate carrier hauls loads between states and must have a United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) number. Any carrier hauling regualted commodities must also have an Interstate Commerce Commission Motor Carrier (ICC MC) number. Exempt loads listed in the IVCR manual do not require ICC MC numbers). The US DOT number (six or seven digits) is always preceded by the letters US DOT. The ICC MC number (up to six digits) may be preceded by the letters ICC or MC. (An intrastate carrier hauling loads in only one state is not required to have a US DOT number or an ICC MC number unless they transport hazardous materials.)

If the vehicle is hauling an interstate load, determine the carrier responsible for the load. The correct US DOT or ICC MC number is that of the carrier or business that controls the movement of the load (not the movement of the truck). For example: OK Truck Company leases a truck to Company X for a month. Company X subleases the truck to haul goods for AB Freight. The loads being transported interstate during that month would be transported under AB Freight's license. AB Freight's number would be the correct number to record.

To determine the carrier responsible for the load:

Ask the driver -

Who is the motor carrier directing and controlling the movement of this vehicle?

Who is the motor carrier responsible for the load?

Is the vehicle leased or rented?

Where is the motor carrier's principal place of business?

- Shipping Papers (Bill of Lading) This document should provide the name of the business or carrier responsible for the load and receiving compensation for the movement. Shipping Papers are the written transportation contract between the shipper and the carrier.
- Lease Agreement These documents identify the lessee. They may contain the correct US DOT and/or ICC MC numbers for the
 carrier responsible for the load.
- Driver's Log When logs are required, they should contain the name of the motor carrier and the city and state where the motor carrier's principle place of business is located. This carrier may not be the business controlling movement of the load.
- Vehicle Registration If the registered owner is the carrier responsible for the load, then record the US DOT and/or the ICC MC numbers from the tags on the side of the truck or truck/tractor (not the trailer). If these numbers are not on the side, ask the driver for the shipping documents. These documents (lease or contract papers) will have the correct US DOT and/or ICC MC numbers.
- Hazardous Material # Placards are diamond shaped. Record either the 4-digit number or the name from the placard. Names might be: Poison, Explosives, Gases. Oxidizer, Radioactive, Corrosive, Dangerous. Trucks hauling chemicals from Canada may have the chemical number in an orange rectangle on the truck. If the placard is an international placard, it could have three groups of numbers. Examples of proper entries would be 1.4-D-1 or 1.1-A-1. If more than one placard is displayed, record only one.

If the owner of the vehicle is not the carrier responsible for the load, record name and address for the carrier responsible for the load in the space provided. If completing this information on an additional unit, record name and address in Narrative/Additional Information section on page 3.

- Exempt Carriers are subject to the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations. They are called "Exempt Carriers" because they are exempt from the economic regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission. See VCR Manual for a list of exempt carriers.
 - Vehicles which haul "exempt" loads on intrastate runs are not required to have either a US DOT or ICC MC number. They
 operate under provisions of Section 203(b) of the Motor Carrier Act. Exempt loads are listed in the Vehicle Collision Report From
 Manual.
 - Vehicles which haul "exempt" loads on interstate runs are required to have a US DOT number.

	Locality	1	Officer Case No.	Page 2				
□	Business/Commercial 3 School/Playground 5 Agricultural 7 Residentia Industrial/Manufacturing 4 Recreational Area 6 Undeveloped	al	Road Type	-				
_ □+	Light Conditions 1 Day 3 Dark - Street Lights On 5 Dark - No Street Lights 2 Dawn/Dusk 4 Dark - Street Lights Off		1 2-Way & Raised/Depressed Divider 5 Ramp 2 2-Way & 2-Way Left Turn Lane Divider 6 Alley 3 One-Way 7 Rest Area 4 2-Way & No Divider 8 Port of Entry					
П	Weather Conditions - Two Selections Possible	7	A 2-Way & 2 Double Yellow Painted Divider 9 Other					
H	1 Clear 3 Rain 5 Sleet/Hail 7 Blowing Dust/Sand A Smoke/Smog		Road Surface Type 1 Concrete 2 Paved (Asphalt/Brick) 3 Gravel/Stone 4 Dirt	- L				
Ш	2 Cloudy 4 Snow 6 Fog 8 Severe Cross Winds	_						
	Road Surface Conditions		Roadway 1 Straight 2 Curve — Geometrics 1 Upgrade/Downgrade 3 Hillcrest 5 Level	* -				
	1 Dry 3 Slush 5 Snow 7 Water 2 Wet 4 Ice 6 Mud 9 Other							
	Other Bood Conditions	7	Traffic Control O None 4 Flashing Beacon 8 Officer/Flagger					
□ +	Other Road Conditions 0 None	t	0 None 4 Flashing Beacon 8 Officer/Flagger 1 Stop Sign 5 Traffic Signal-Ped. Only A School Bus Signal 2 Yield 6 R. R. Gates/Signal B No-Pass Barrier Line 3 Traffic Signal 7 R. R. Flashing Beacon C Construction Signing SPECIFY 1 Functioning 2 Not Functioning 3 Removed					
UNIT:	# 1 CONTRIBITING CIR	201	UMSTANCES - 3 Possible	IT#2				
	0 None 5 Improper Lane Change 11 Improper Turn 1 Exceeded Posted Speed 6 Following Too Close 12 Failed to Signal 2 Speed Too Fast 7 Drove Left of Center 13 Failed to Yield for Conditions 8 Off Roadway / 14 Passed Stop Sig 3 Too Slow for Traffic Over Corrected 15 Disregarded Signal 4 Improper Overtaking 10 Improper Backing 16 Tire Defect	gn	17 Wheel Defect 22 Inattention 28 Improperly Parked 31 Previous Accident 39 Other Vehicle 24 Asleep/Drowsy Defect 25 Sick 21 Alcohol Impaired 26 Fatigued 34 Drug Impaired 27 Physical Impairment 28 Improper use of Turn Lane 39 Other	+				
□	- VISION OB	S1		>				
ш	0 None 3 Roadway Slope/Snowbank 7 Bright Headlights 1 Curve in Road 4 Trees/Crop/Brush 8 Weather Conditions 2 Hill Crest 5 Reflection from Surface 6 Bright Sunlight 11 Cracked/Dirty Windo	/ind						
□	- INITIAL POINT C	THE PROPERTY.	1111176	→				
□	Point of Impact PRINCIPLE Point of Impact 13 Top & Windows 14 Undercarriage Trailing Unit 12 1 1 1 12 1 1 1 12 1 1 1 1 12 1		20 22 23 24 53 Top 53 Top PRINCIPLE—	- <u></u>				
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		4 N	Moderate 5 Moderate/Severe 6 Severe 7 Very Severe	bosonosil				
	e to Damage No Towed By:		Towed By: Towed Due to	_				
	Driver of UNIT # 1 ALCOHOL / DRUG	G	INVOLVEMENT Driver of UNIT # 2					
	1 Neither Alcohol or Drugs Detected 2 Yes - Alcohol	ol	3 Yes - Drugs 4 Yes - Both	ا لـــا⁺				
H	Alcohol / I Drug Test 1 None Given 2 Test Refused 3 Blood Test	HISTON PROCESSION	4 Urine Test 5 Breath Test 6 Field Test Drug Test Drug Test					
BAC Test	Results: Drug Used (if known): Drug Test Results		BAC Test Results: Drug Used (if known): Drug Te	est Results				
	UNIT # 1 COMMERCIA	AL	. VEHICLE UNIT # 2					
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-	Carrier Name & ICC# or DO	T#		→ []				
(If Carrier	1 Shipping Papers 2 Vehicle Side Carrier Name		(If Carrier Name					
different from	Address		different from Address					
Vehicle Owner)	City State Zip		Vehicle Owner) City State Zip					

IDAHO VEHICLE COLLISION REPORT

VEHICLE DAMAGE:

-- Initial Point of Impact - Point of First Contact

--Principal Point of Principal - Point of Greatest amount of damage

ROAD TYPE:

- -- Two-way raised/depressed divider A two-way road with a raised or depressed center section used to restrict traffic.
- --Two-way & Two-Way left-turn lane divider A two-way road with a painted center divider used primarily as a continuous left-turn lane (often referred to as a center turn lane).
- --Two-way road & no divider A two-way road divided by a painted line(s). The space between the painted lines is generally less than four feet.
- --Two-way and two double yellow painted divider A two-way road divided by two double yellow painted lines indicating do not cross.

 This is considered the same as a raised divider. A divider is generally at least 4 feet wide.

EXTENT OF DEFORMITY:

- 0 no damage;
- 1 very minor damage;
- 2 minor damage (damage limited to dents and gouges in body sheet metal and trim);
- 3 minor/moderate damage;
- 4 moderate damage (considerable crumpling of body sheet metal, but little or no distortion of the basic structure or frame);
- 5 moderate/severe damage;
- 6 severe damage (sheet metal is severely distorted, torn or crumpled, basic structure of the car is somewhat distorted and there is usually some penetration of the passenger compartment);
- 7 very severe damage (basic structure of the vehicle is distorted, passenger compartment is penetrated);

EVENTS:

List events for <u>all units</u> in the order that they occurred. For each event determine which units were involved and where the event occurred. In a collision involving two or more vehicles there must be a shared event when the vehicles collide. In general, the events listed on the right side (50-61) are events involving two vehicles. The remainder are generally single vehicle events.

For example, a vehicle crosses the center line (#72) and sideswipes an oncoming car (#53), forcing the oncoming vehicle off the road on the right (#5), where it crashes into a tree (#47). This two vehicle collision is correctly coded to the right. Please refer to the additional units form to view a three vehicle collision.

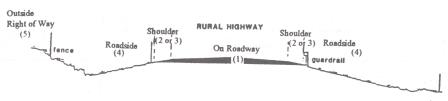
Event	Unit of U Invo	# nits lved	Event Loca- tion
72	1		1
53	1	2	1
05		2	3
47		2	4
		1	

EVENT LOCATION:

Describe where the event occurred:

Roadside - refers to the area between the shoulder and the property line. Note: Sidewalks are considered Roadside.

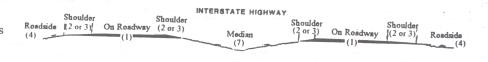
Outside right-of-way - refers to locations beyond the property line.

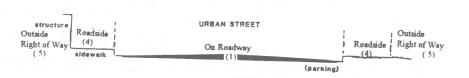


HARMFUL EVENTS:

First Harmful Event - is the first event that causes property damage or injury.

Most Harmful Event - is the event that causes the most property damage or most severe injury. Fatalities take precedence over injuries, injuries take precedence over property damage.





Unit # Event of Units Loca-	EVENTS - List events for ALL units	s in the order they occurred	Case No. Page 3
Event Involved tion		24 Bridge Rail 25 Overpass 26 Guardrail Face 27 Guardrail End 28 Median Barrier 30 Highway Traffic Sign Post 31 Overhead Sign support 32 Street Light Support 33 Utility Pole 39 Other Pole 40 Delineator Post 41 Culver 42 Curb 43 Ditch 44 Embar 45 Fence 46 Mailbo 47 Tree 48 Buildin 49 Other Object 59 Other Pole 40 Delineator Post 41 Culver 42 Curb 43 Ditch 44 Embar 45 Fence 46 Mailbo 67 Tree 48 Buildin 60 Object 7 Median	Turning Events Head-On 51 Rear-End 60 Backed Into 61 Parked Veh. 99 Other
UNIT # 4		de Right of Way 8 Gore oadway - Loc Unknown 9 Other	B Parking Lot Access Road P Private Property
UNIT # 1	FIRST EVENT RELATIONS	SHIP TO JUNCTION	UNIT # 2
0 Nonjunction 1 In Intersectio	2 Intersection Related 4 Driveway/Allen 3 At Driveway/Alley 5 On Ramp	y Related 6 Ramp Related 7 At Railroad Crossing	8 Railroad Crossing Related 9 Other
FIRST Harmful Event MOST Harmful Even Driver / Ped Action	GENERAL DIRECTION OF T General Direction of Street South / North North South West / East West On Street	RAVEL (If turning, select direction before General Direction of Street Unit South / North No	
Sketch the scene	all lanes	Show North by Arrow in Circle Not to Scale	1 Going Straight 2 Turning Right 3 Right Turn on Red 4 Turning Left 5 Left Turn on Red 6 U-Turn 6 Changing Lanes 10 Passing 11 Negotiating Curve 12 Stopped in Traffic 13 Slowing in Traffic 13 Slowing in Traffic 14 Starting in Traffic 25 Parked Vehicle 26 Driverless Vehicle 27 In Motion Pedestrian/Pedalcycle Actions 28 Crossing at Painted Intersection 29 Crossing at Non-Intersection 31 Crossing at Unpainted Intersection 31 Crossing at Unpainted Intersection 32 Crossing at Non-Intersection 34 Crossing Not at Intersection 46 Crossing Not at Intersection 47 Walk/Ride with Traffic in Bike Lane 48 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 49 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 40 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 41 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 42 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 43 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 44 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 45 Walk/Ride Facing Traffic No Bike Lane 46 Crossing on Roadway 51 Playing on Roadway 52 Working on Roadway 53 Portion Distribution 54 Stanting In Traffic No Bike Lane 55 Standing on Roadway 56 Enter/Leave School Bus 76 Not on Roadway 57 Not on Roadway 58 Parked Vehicle 29 Pursuing Vehicle 21 Avoiding Obstacle 21 Avoiding Obstacle 22 Pursuing Vehicle 23 Fleeing Pursuit 24 Racing 25 Parked Vehicle 26 Driverless Vehicle 26 Driverless Vehicle 26 Driverless Vehicle 27 Roacing Pursuit 28 Racing 29 Pursuing Vehicle 29 Pursuing Vehicle 20 Avoiding Obstacle 21 Avoiding Obstacle 21 Avoiding Veh./Ped.
Property Damage	(Name of Object Struck - Owner Name and Address)		Estimated Damage
Narrative / Additional Ir	formation / Additional Passengers (indic	cate unit # and all information fo	sr additional passengers)
WITNESSES Name	Address	Stat	te Home Phone Work Phone
Investigation Office A. M.		of Panert Photos Accessed P	Date
Investigating Officer's Na	me and # Date	of Report Photos Approved By Y N N L1 L2	Date
Send ORIGINAL to: Office	e of Highway Safety, P. O. Box 7129. Boise, I		

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IDAHO VEHICLE COLLISION REPORT

(I.C. 49-102 (3)) "Accident" means any event that results in an unintended injury or property damage attributed directly or indirectly to the motion of a motor vehicle or it's load, a snowmobile or special mobile equipment.

(I.C. 49-1305 (1)) The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to or death of any person, or damage to the property of any one (1) person in excess of seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) shall immediately, by the quickest means of communication give notice of the accident to the local police department if the accident occurs within a city, otherwise to the office of the county sheriff or the nearest office of the state police.

ACCIDENT LOCATION

of Lanes

-- Record all travel lanes in both directions. Include: Exclusive left- and right-turn lanes and center turn lanes if they are being used legally to start or end a turn, or to merge with traffic. Exclude: Center turn lane if not being used for legal travel described above, and parking lanes. NOTE: A divided interstate with 2 lanes of travel each way would have a total of 4 lanes.

Milepost

--Ref. Mile Post Marker -- Reference mile post marker -- should refer to the mile post that is referenced. An example would be "250 feet east of Ref. Mile Post Marker 248"

--Collision Loc Mile Point -- Collision Location Mile Point -- should refer to the actual mile point of the collision. This can be estimated as 248.2 or can be obtained from the ITD milepost log where available.

INJURIES

A-Injury --

incapacitating injury which prevents the injured person from walking, driving, or normally continuing the activities the person was capable of performing before the injury occurred. Includes: Severe lacerations, Broken or distorted limbs, skull or chest injuries, unable to leave scene without assistance.

B-injury --

nonincapacitating injury which is evident to observers at the scene. Includes: Lumps, Bumps, bruises, minor

lacerations.

C-injury --

possible injury which includes: claim of injuries not evident, limping, complaint of pain, nausea, or hysteria.

PASSENGER SEATING

Seating

--A child riding in a driver's lap or on the gas tank in front of a motorcycle driver should be coded as 99-other and be explained in the narrative section.

Trapped

-- This data element is used to determine how frequently extrication units are required to forcibly remove victims from vehicles. If an extrication unit (jaws of life, hearst etc) is used indicate code 2

trapped/extrication unit used. If victims are removed from vehicle by other means (pry bars etc.) indicate 3

Trapped/other extrication method.

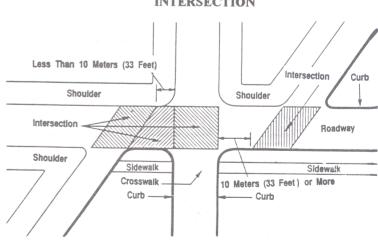
Transported

--Transported for medical care should be used to show how injured were transported from the scene. If injured were not transported. fill in the space with a "--" to indicate not applicable.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLE SILHOUETTES

15 Bus 21 Single Unit Truck 2 axles/6 tires 22 Single Unit Truck 3 axles Bobtail Tractor W/ Semi Trailer 23 Truck W/ Trailer Tractor W/ Double Trailer Tractor W/ Triple Trailer

INTERSECTION



"----" = Not Applicable

	ehicle Coll	1 51011 TD-90A 1	•	t .	D	ate of Collision	Ti	ime A	gency	Officer #		Case I	No.	Pa
Addition	al Units	27-01050												۱٬۶
JNIT	☐ Vehicle	□ P	edestrian	☐ Ped	dalcyclist	Vehicle C	wner	Last			First		M.I	
Driver	Last		First		M.I.	Same as Driver] Ty
□ Hit & Run						Address As Driver						- ,		Uni
Street Address		# a - / .		Hon	ne Phone	Vehicle Year	Make	(Dodge-C	nev.)	Model (Dart-	-Nova)	Style (2 Dr.)	- ^{Uni}
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Sex Date o	f Birth Prot Dev.	Injury	Ejection	Trapped	Transported	Insurance Car ☐ Yes	rrier Nan	ne				Policy	Number	
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'assenger	Names and A	ddress	ses 'pa	assengers o	on page 3)	Joriai Sam	e Addres		Sex	Date of Birth		njury Eje	ction Trappo	
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river's License	No.	State	Idaho Code #	/ Violation	Cited	Vehicle Identif	ication N	10.	197			Est. Cos	st of Damage	Att
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	or Conditions oo Slow for Traffic		Off Roadway Over Corrected		Passed Stop Disregarded		ect ohol Imp	2	5 Sick 6 Fatigu			/ehicle (L		1
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Erant	Seating	Front		1000										
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	vernoie		Shoulder B Lap Belt Or		Seat Helmet Used	A Incapacit		3 Moto	alcycle orcycle	7 Pickup	/ Van / Jtility V	Panel /	11 Sno	
4 5 6			Shoulder &		Nonmotorist	B Non-Inca C Possible		ng 4 Mop 6 Car	ed	30 Farm E	quipme	nt (List)	28 Tra	in
7 8 9	Motorcycle		Non-Activa	ted Air Bag, B	elts in Use	0 None Evid		Josef		40 Constru	omme			er No or Ve
4 Trailing Unit	99 Other			ted Air Bag, N ivated, Belts in		e Conknown		15 Bus				24 Bc		_
6 Pedestrian 7 Pedalcycle	U Unkno		1 Air Bag Act	ivated, No Be	Its in Use	Transport		22 Sin	gle Uni	Truck - 2 axle Truck - 3 axle		26 Tra	actor w/Sem actor w/Doub	ole Tr
	odes - Non Trailing U	Jnit 1	Ejection Not Ejected		apped	Medical C		23 Tru	ck with	Trailer it Use		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	actor w/Triple	SHOW SHOW
1 Sleeper Sect	(Truck Cab)	2	Totally Eject	ed 2 Trappe	ed / Extricatio	n 2 Police Ca	ar	1 Poli	ce	5 Taxi		Boat Trail		le Ho
3 Unenclosed F	ed Passngr./Cargo a Passngr./Cargo area		Partially Ejec Thrown from	3 Trappe	ed / other	3 Helicop	ehicle		ulance er Trng.	6 Fire 7 Wrecker		Utility Tra	iler 9 Othe	er
5 Riding on Ve	nicle Exterior		cycle etc.	extrica	tion method	5 Not Tran	sported	4 Gov				Towed Ve		

IDAHO VEHICLE COLLISION REPORT ADDITIONAL UNITS

VEHICLE DAMAGE:--Initial Point of Impact - Point of First Contact
--Principal Point of Impact - Point of Greatest amount of damage

EXTENT OF DEFORMITY:

- 0 no damage;
- 1 very minor damage;
- 2 minor damage (damage limited to dents and gouges in body sheet metal and trim);
- 3 minor/moderate damage;
- 4 moderate damage (considerable crumpling of body sheet metal, but little or no distortion of the basic structure or frame);
- 5 moderate/severe damage;
- 6 severe damage (sheet metal is severely distorted, torn or crumpled, basic structure of the car is somewhat distorted and there is usually some penetration of the passenger compartment);
- 7 very severe damage (basic structure of the vehicle is distorted, passenger compartment is penetrated);

COMMERCIAL VEHICLE INSTRUCTION SHEET

Commercial Vehicle Definition - For collision reporting purposes only, a commercial vehicle is any vehicle equipped to carry property which has at least 2 axles and 6 or more tires on the ground (<u>including pickups with dual rear tires</u>), any

vehicle displaying a hazardous materials placard, and buses designed to carry 16 or more persons, including the driver. Please refer to the instruction sheet located on the back of the second sheet of the Idaho Vehicle Collision Report to complete this section. Information on the name of the carrier should be recorded in the Narrative section on the initial report if the carrier responsible for the load is different from the vehicle owner.

EVENTS --Events for all units should be listed on page three of the initial report. The only events listed on the Additional Units Supplement would be those that did not fit on the initial report.

Determine which units were involved and where the event occurred. In a collision involving two or more vehicles there must be a shared event when the vehicles collide. In general, the events listed on the right side (50-61) are events involving two vehicles. The remainder are generally single vehicle events.

For example, a vehicle crosses the center line (#72) and sideswipes an oncoming car (#53), forcing it off the road on the right (#5), where it crashes into a tree (#47). Before coming to rest, the first vehicle rolls (#1) on the roadway and is hit by another oncoming vehicle (#50) and the impact causes the third vehicle run off the road (#5) on the right, hit a fence (#45) and overturn (#1) on the roadside. Event information would be entered on the original VCR. In this example, the third unit was involved in the second sideswipe, ran off the road, and overturned. This collision is correctly coded to the right.

Right of Way

Shoulder

(5)

Roadside

		Unit	#	Event
1	Event	Of U	nits	Loca- tion
	40	11140	Iveu	tion
-	72			/
	53	1	2	1
Opposition	05		2	3
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF	47		2	4
dicesses for chose	01	1		1
SPATFORDISH SPECIFIC	50	1	3	1
PASSAGRANIA SAN	05		3	3
Tennoment Control	45		3	5
				-

Additional Units

Event	nits	Event Loca- tion
01	3	4

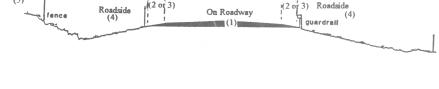
Roadside

EVENT LOCATION -- Describe where the event occurred:

- --Roadside refers to the area between the shoulder and the property line. Note: Sidewalks are considered Roadside.
- --Outside right-of-way refers to locations beyond the property line.

HARMFUL EVENTS

- --First Harmful Event is the first event that causes property damage or injury.
- --Most Harmful Event is the event that causes the most property damage or most severe injury. Fatalities take precedence over injuries, injuries take precedence over property damage.



INTERSTATE HIGHWAY

Median

Shoulder

(2 or 3)

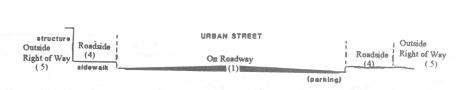
On Roadway

RURAL HIGHWAY

Shoulder

Shoulder

On Roadway (2 or 3)



W		Officer#		Page 2
-		Officer#	Case No.	Page 2
UNIT	POINT	OF IMPACT		UNIT
Point of Impact PRINCIPLE Point of Impact	Auto / Motorcycle / Tractor with Semi Trailer 13 Top & Windows 14 Undercarriage Trailing Uni 13 Top & Undercarriage	28 23 24	Trailing Unit #2 53 Top 54 Undercarriage	INITIAL Point of Impact PRINCIPLE Point of Impact
4	EXTENT O	F DEFORMITY		→
0 None	1 Very Minor 2 Minor 3 Minor/Moderate		Moderate/Severe 6 Severe	7 Very Severe
Towed Due to Damage ☐ Yes ☐ No	Towed By:	Towed By:		Towed Due to Damage
UNIT	Driver ALCOHOL / DRU	JG INVOLVEMEN	NT Driver	UNIT
4	1 Neither Alcohol or Drugs Detected 2 Yes - Alc			→
✓ Alcohol Test	Alcohol	/ Drug Test		Alcohol Test
Drug Test	1 None Given 2 Test Refused 3 Blood Tes		5 Breath Test 6 Field Test	Drug Test
BAC Test Results: Drug	g Used (if known): Drug Test Results	BAC Test Results:	Drug Used (if known):	Drug Test Results
UNIT	COMMERC	IAL VEHICLE		UNIT
- OKII	Refer to Instruction S	o Body	ng	———→
1 Bus 2 Van/Enclos		rete Mixer 7 Auto Tra	ansporter 8 Garbage/Refuse 9	Other 10 Pickup Bed
# Axles GVWR-Power G		# Axles GVWR-Po	ower GVWR-All Trailers ICC # F	or Load DOT # For Load
Hazardous Material Placard: [☐ Yes Spilled: ☐ Yes ☐ Haz-Mat #	Hazardous _{Pl} Material	acard: Yes Spilled: Yes	Haz-Mat #
-	Carrier Name & ICC# or DC	OT# for Load obt	ained from	
If Carrier name is differe	1 Shipping Papers 2 Vehicle Side ent from vehicle owner, record the name and address	3 Driver	4 Log Book 9 Other	
Unit # Event of Units Loca- Event Involved tion	EVENTS - List events for ALL units	on page 3.	Use this area only for events wh	ich do not fit on page 3.
	2 Separation of Units 3 Cargo Loss/Shift 4 Jack-Knifed 5 Ran off Road 6 Down Hill Runaway 7 Fire/Explosion 8 Gas/Inhalation 9 Other Noncollision 10 Loss of Control 11 Fell/Pushed/Jumped 12 Non-Collision Injury 13 Immersion 71 Came Back on Road 72 Drove L/R of Center	24 Bridge Rail 25 Overpass 26 Guardrail Face 27 Guardrail End 28 Median Barrier 30 Highway Traffic Sign Post 31 Overhead Sign supp 32 Street Light Support 33 Utility Pole 39 Other Pole 40 Delineator Post	45 Fence 46 Mailbox 47 Tree ort 48 Building Wall	Sideswiped Opposite 58 Events Angle 58 Same Dir 61 Parked Ve 99 Other
		de (Includes Sidewalk)	7 Median A In Parking Lot	Dead.
HAUT		e Right of Way adway - Loc Unknown	8 Gore B Parking Lot Acc 9 Other P Private Property	
UNIT	FIRST EVENT RELATIONSH	IP TO JUNCTION		UNIT
	0 Nonjunction 1 In Intersection 3 At Drive	eway/Alley 5 Or	n Ramp 7 At Railroad Crossin	ng
T SIDOT HE WAS IN	CENERAL DIRECTION OF TRAVEL		amp Related 9 Other select direction before turning)	
FIRST Harmful E	General Direction of Street Unit Direction	General Direction of S	treet Unit Direction	T Harmful Event
MOST Harmful E	vent South / North North South West / East West	South / North	□ North □ South □ East □ West MOS	T Harmful Event
Driver / Ped Action	On Street	On Street		iver / Ped Action
	Driver Actions		Pedestrian/Pedalcycle	Actions
2 Turning Right 8 C 3 Right Turn on Red 10 F 4 Turning Left 11 N 5 Left Turn on Red 12 S	Merging 14 Starting in Traffic 21 Avoidi Changing Lanes 15 Parking 22 Pursui Passing 16 Entering Drivwy./Alley 23 Fleein Regotiating Curve 17 Leaving Drivwy./Alley 24 Racin Stopped in Traffic 18 Backing 25 Parket	ing Vehicle 31 Cros g Pursuit 35 Cros g 36 Cros d Vehicle 40 Walk less Vehicle 41 Walk ion 42 Walk	ising at Painted Intersection ising at Unpainted Intersection ising at Non-Intersection X-walk ising Not at Intersection its Robert Intersection is Robert Intersection in Robert Intersection Inters	50 Standing on Roadway 51 Playing on Roadway 52 Working on Roadway 60 Enter/Leave School Bus 70 Not on Roadway 99 Other

IDAHO VEHICLE COLLISION REPORT ADDITIONAL UNITS

The Additional Units Report was developed to speed the process of reporting by eliminating duplication on collision location information.

- --The unit # has been left blank in the driver/vehicle information section and events section to accommodate multiple car collisions. You need to enter the unit # information for each unit involved.
- --If there are more than 3 passengers per unit, all additional passenger information should be entered in the narritive section on page 3 of the original VCR.
- (I.C. 49-102 (3)) "Accident" means any event that results in an unintended injury or property damage attributed directly or indirectly to the motion of a motor vehicle or it's load, a snowmobile or special mobile equipment.

(I.C. 49-1305 (1)) The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in **injury to or death** of any person, or **damage to** the property of any one (1) person in excess of seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) shall immediately, by the quickest means of communication give notice of the accident to the local police department if the accident occurs within a city, otherwise to the office of the county sheriff or the nearest office of the state police.

INJURIES

- A-Injury -- incapacitating injury which prevents the injured person from walking, driving, or normally continuing the activities the person was capable of performing before the injury occurred. Includes: Severe lacerations, Broken or distorted limbs, skull or chest injuries, unable to leave scene without assistance.
- B-injury -- nonincapacitating injury which is evident to observers at the scene. Includes: Lumps, Bumps, bruises, minor lacerations.
- C-injury -- possible injury which includes: claim of injuries not evident, limping, complaint of pain, nausea, or hysteria.

PASSENGER SEATING

- Seating -- A child riding in a driver's lap or on the gas tank in front of a motorcycle driver should be coded as 99-other and be explained in the narrative section.
- Trapped -- This data element is used to determine how frequently extrication units are required to forcibly remove victims from vehicles. If an extrication unit (jaws of life, hearst etc) is used indicate code 2 trapped/extrication unit used. If victims are removed from vehicle by other means (pry bars etc.) indicate 3 Trapped/other extrication method.
- Transported -- Transported for medical care should be used to show how injured were transported from the scene. If injured were not transported. fill in the space with a "--" to indicate not applicable.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLE SILHOUETTES

INTERSECTION

